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The Pastoral Genomics Plus (PG+) Program: Expanding Forage Breeding in New Zealand <u>www.pastoralgenomics.com</u>

Hoyos-Villegas, V*., Barrett, B., Cao, M., Crush, J., Faville, M.J., Ghamkhar, K., Griffiths, A., Hussain, S.W., Jacobs, J.M.E., Jahufer, Z., Nichols, S., Conner, A.J *corresponding author, <u>valerio.hoyos-villegas@agresearch.co.nz</u>



Training population data

Germplasm

Populationspecific data Phenomics Improve the cost-effectiveness of infield phenotyping, which is currently the rate limiting step in development and deployment of forage genomic selection, to enhance system efficiency.

Kioumars

Ghamkhar

Assemble data necessary establish and resources to Genomic Selection deploy indices in perennial ryegrass white clover breeding and populations with sector partners.

Marty

Faville

Andrew

Griffiths

SimulationDevelop a robust Forage Breeding Simulator with interactive biophysical and economic model Inkages, used to guide, forecast and optimize genetic gain targets and novel breeding strategies including Genomic Selection, in context of NZ pastoral biophysical and economic conditions.

Zulfi

🝌 Jahufer

Hoyos-

Villegas

Genomic-Estimated Breeding Values

> Refined GS models

High-throughput phenotyping tools and models

Model recalibration data

Existing trait genetic structure background data Breeding Platform

GBS and Compute Establish and improve essential logistics, statistical, and agreements infrastructure to enable the Forage Genomic Selection initiative to deliver to pastoral and seed industry specification.

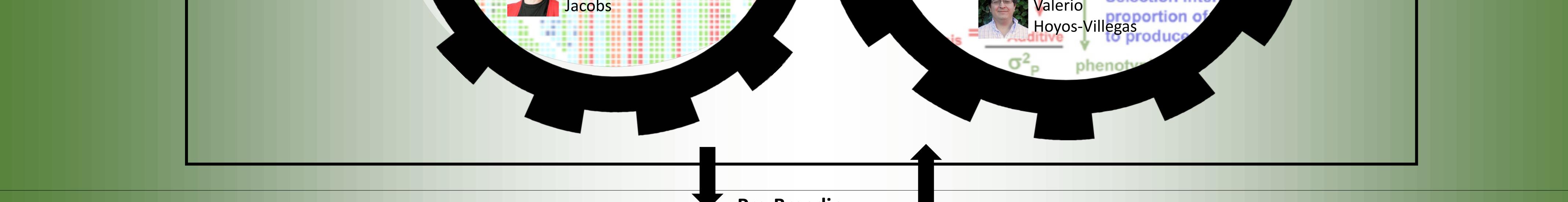
Rate of Gain Gather evidence to document and monitor the relative efficacy of forage genomic selection compared with other breeding strategies, in terms of rate and efficiency of improvement to sector agreed traits as

expressed in the New Zealand Forage Value Index or related mechanism.

Valerio Selection Inter

Genotype x environment interaction information

Refined genetic structure information



Pre-Breeding

This work will deliver new knowledge and novel clover and grass germplasm to forage plant breeders before 2020 through a pipeline of trait identification, introgression, and proof of function, exploiting valuable nutrient use and stress traits in the primary and secondary gene pools of white clover and ryegrass. Genomic Selection methods (Impact Statement 1), genetic analysis and allele mining will be applied selectively to the germplasm to elucidate the source and genetic control of key traits and, in the medium term, to facilitate faster and wider plant screening. Maximum use will be made of all experimental populations to pyramid benefits into a narrow range of pre-commercial germplasm. The research was funded by Pastoral Genomics, a joint venture co-funded by DairyNZ, Beef+Lamb New Zealand, Dairy Australia, AgResearch Ltd, New Zealand Agriseeds Ltd, Grasslands Innovation Ltd, DEEResearch, and the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (New Zealand).